Mem

All Things Pumpkin

Source Sheet compiled by Rabbi Shari Shamah October 2025

The history of everything pumpkin...

Gleaned from Encyclopedia of Jewish Food, Gil Marks (p 487)

- In the Jastrow Talmudic dictionary, the word for pumpkin (or guard/squash) is karah (אַרַבּא).
- It is mentioned more than a dozen times throughout the Talmud.
- Pumpkin has been grown throughout the Americas for about 6,000 years.
- Sephardi Jews and Jew from Italy are largely credited for introducing this orange fruit into Mediterranean cooking as they began selling them in Europe in the 16th century.
- Pumpkin was cool long before Starbucks introduced Pumpkin Spice lattes... Sephardi Jews have been making soups, stews, pudding, jams, cakes, pancake and fillings out of pumpkin for centuries.
- While some in Europe considered pumpkins to be a disdainful food, for Jews who were used to using local fruits/vegetables, it helped them stretch their budget which in turn grew to normalize the use of pumpkin in cooking.
- Pumpkin delicacies are a part of many Sephardic holiday meals, especially Rosh Hashanah, Sukkot, and Hanukkah.
- Popular Jewish pumpkin dishes include:
 - O Syrian Kibbet Yatkeen, or spicy pumpkin pancakes.
 - For Shabbat or Sukkot, Bukharian Jews (Mizrahi Jews from Central Asia like Afghanistan or Uzbekistan), might cook them in *oshe tos kadoo*, a stuffed pumpkin dish.
 - Jews from Libya use it in a pumpkin dip (qara), and Jews of Mumbai use pumpkin in a curried stew or in a pudding.
 - o Pumpkin filled ravioli is a part of Italian Jewish cooking.
 - You can find some recipes here.

Why is Pumpkin often served for Rosh Hashanah?

Talmud: Horayot 12a:12	תלמוד: מסחת הוריות י"ב:י"ב
Abaye said: Now that you said that an omen is a significant matter, a person should always be accustomed to seeing these on Rosh HaShanah: Pumpkin , and fenugreek, leeks,	אָמֵר אַבָּיֵי: הַשְׁתָּא דְּאָמְרַתְּ סִימָנָא מִילְתָא הִיא, [לְעוֹלָם] יְהֵא רָגִיל לְמִיחָזֵי בָּרִישׁ שַׁתָּא קָרָא וְרוּבִּיָא,
and chard, and dates, as each of these grows quickly and serves as a positive omen for one's actions during the	בָּרָתֵי וְסִילְקָא וְתַמְרֵי. בַּרָּתֵי וְסִילְקָא וְתַמְרֵי.
coming year.	

- Pumpkin is said to be a good omen for the new year. The seeds represent fertility and fruitfulness.
- What does pumpkin symbolize for you?
- Did you grow up eating pumpkin for Jewish holidays?





- If you associate pumpkin with Halloween and Thanksgiving, does it feel odd to associate it with Jewish holidays?
- What does the overlap for pumpkin between both secular and Jewish holidays say about life in America?

A farm full of Pumpkins is a Connection to God

Psalm 65:11-12	תהילים סייה:יייא-יייב
You crown the year with Your bounty,	אָפַרְתָּ שְׁנַת טוֹבָתֶךְּ
fatness is distilled in Your paths.	וּמַעְגָּלֶיהְ יִרְעֲפוּן דָּשֶׁן:
the pasturelands distill it,	יִרְעֲפוּ נְאוֹת מִדְבָּר
the hills are girded with joy.	וְגִילֹ גְּבָעוֹת מַחְגּרְנָה:

- A farm full of pumpkin reminds us that the abundance of fruits/ vegetables comes from God. It offers a connection and can bring us joy.
- What emotions do you feel when you see pumpkins on a farm, a farm stand, or an outdoor gardening center?
- What image do you have when you see a pumpkin on a table?

What blessing should I say over pumpkins?

For produce that grows on the ground		
Blessed are you God,	Baruch Atah Adonai,	בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ
Ruler of the Universe,	Eloheinu melech ha'olam,	אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֱלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם
who creates fruits of the ground.	borei, p'ri ha'adamah.	בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הָאֲדָמָה:

