

Hanukkah Blessings

Source Sheet compiled by Rabbi Shari Shamah November 2025

Not My Might, nor by power, but by My spirit, says God. (Zechariah 4:6)

The word Hanukkah means "dedication" and refers to the joyous 8-day celebration during which Jews commemorate the victory of the Maccabees over the armies of Syria going back to 168 BCE. After the victorious battle, the Jews were able to go into the Temple in Jerusalem and cleanse, repair and "rededicate" the sacred space. Hanukkah is a "minor" Jewish festival that is not mentioned at all in the Torah, Prophets or Writings. The Hanukkah legend (going back to the Talmud) relates that when the Jews were able to go into the Temple, they found one jar of oil that should have only burned for one day, but which lasted for eight days.

The oil reference is played up during the holiday when a special Hanukkah lamp (used to be made of oil, now generally candles are used) called a Menorah or Hanukkiah is kindled. Foods fried in oil are also eaten during the eight days. Two favorites are *latkes* (potato pancakes) and *sufganiyot* (jelly doughnuts). A *dreidel* is a special toy that is played with on Hanukkah. On the dreidel there are four Hebrew letters (*Nun*, *Gimmel*, *Hey*, and *Shin*) that stand for "*Nes Gadol Hayah Po/Sham*" ("a great miracle happened here/there"). In Israel the letter is *Peh* (*poh* = "here"), and outside of Israel the letter is *Shin* (*sham* = "there").

Frequently, the dreidel game is played with M&M's, peanuts, raisins, Skittles, or some other small candy. In older times it was customary to give a coin to someone to celebrate, called gelt. In recent years, for some, the custom of giving gelt has turned into one of giving presents for some families. Chocolate gelt is also enjoyed as a sweet treat.



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The Hanukkiah is lit in the evenings and is set aside for those around to appreciate its light and beauty. Hanukkah is not a holiday on which one needs to stop working.

- Candles are placed in the Hanukkiah (Hanukkah Menorah) from right to left
- Candles are lit from left to right so that you increase in light each night
- The shamash (helper candle) is used to light each of the other candles
- On Erev Shabbat, you light the Hanukkah lights first, then the Shabbat candles
- At the conclusion of Shabbat, you make Havdalah and then light the Hanukkah candles

The First Blessing – Over the Candles			
Praised are You, Our God,	Baruch atah Adonai,	ָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ,	
Ruler of the universe, Who	Eloheinu Melech	אֶלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ	
made us holy through Your	ha'olam, asher kid'shanu	ּהָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר קִדַּשְׁנוּ	
commandments and	b'mitzvotav v'tsivanu	בְּמִצְווֹתָיו, וְצִוַּנוּ	
commanded us to kindle	l'hadlik ner	לְהַדְלִיק נֵר	
the Hanukah lights.	shel Hanukkah	שֶׁל חֲנֻכָּה	

The Second Blessing — Over Miracles			
Praised are You, Our God,	Baruch atah Adonai,	בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְי,	
Ruler of the universe, Who	Eloheinu Melech	אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ	
performed wondrous deeds	ha'olam, she-asah nisim	הָעוֹלָם, שֶׁעָשָׂה נָסִּים	
for our ancestors in those	la'avoteinu bayamim	לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ, בַּיָּמִים	
ancient days at this season.	hahem bazman hazeh	ָהָהֵם בַּזְּמַן הַזֶּה	

The Third Blessing — Shehechiyanu (First Night Only)			
Praised are You, Our God,	Baruch atah Adonai,	בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ,	
Ruler of the universe, Who	Elohenu Melech ha'olam,	אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם,	
has given us life and	shehecheyanu,	שֶׁהֶחֱיָנוּ,	
sustained us and enabled us	v'kiyimanu, v'higiyanu	וְקִיַּמְנוּ, וְהִגַּעְנוּ	
to reach this season.	la'zman hazeh	לַזְּמַן הַזֶּה	